1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to cybersecurity risk assessments;
3	amending section 282.318; requiring the Florida Digital
4	Services to conduct cybersecurity risk assessments on
5	behalf of state agencies; providing an effective date.
6	
7	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
8	
9	Section 1. Section 282.318, Florida Statutes, is amended
10	to read:
11	282.318 - Cybersecurity
12	(1) This section may be cited as the `State Cybersecurity
13	Act."
14	(2) As used in this section, the term "state agency" has
15	the same meaning as provided in s. 282.0041, except that the
16	term includes the Department of Legal Affairs, the Department of
17	Agriculture and Consumer Services, and the Department of
18	Financial Services.
19	(3) The department, acting through the Florida Digital
20	Service, is the lead entity responsible for establishing
21	standards and processes for assessing state agency cybersecurity
22	risks and determining appropriate security measures. Such
23	standards and processes must be consistent with generally
24	accepted technology best practices, including the National
25	Institute for Standards and Technology Cybersecurity Framework,
26	for cybersecurity. The department, acting through the Florida
27	Digital Service, shall adopt rules that mitigate risks;
28	safeguard state agency digital assets, data, information, and
29	information technology resources to ensure availability,
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30 confidentiality, and integrity; and support a security 31 governance framework. The department, acting through the Florida 32 Digital Service, shall also:

33 (a) Designate an employee of the Florida Digital Service as 34 the state chief information security officer. The state chief 35 information security officer must have experience and expertise 36 in security and risk management for communications and 37 information technology resources. The state chief information 38 security officer is responsible for the development, operation, 39 and oversight of cybersecurity for state technology systems. The 40 state chief information security officer shall be notified of all confirmed or suspected incidents or threats of state agency 41 42 information technology resources and must report such incidents 43 or threats to the state chief information officer and the 44 Governor.

(b) Develop, and annually update by February 1, a statewide cybersecurity strategic plan that includes security goals and objectives for cybersecurity, including the identification and mitigation of risk, proactive protections against threats, tactical risk detection, threat reporting, and response and recovery protocols for a cyber incident.

51 (c) Conduct, and update every 3 years, a comprehensive risk 52 assessment on behalf of each state agency, which may be 53 completed by one or multiple private sector vendors, to 54 determine the security threats to the data, information, and 55 information technology resources, including mobile devices and 56 print environments, of the agency. The risk assessment must 57 comply with the risk assessment methodology developed by the 58 department. Each year a comprehensive risk assessment is not

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59 required, the department acting through the Florida Digital 60 Service, shall complete on behalf of each state agency, a risk assessment implementation review, to determine the progress of 61 62 addressing the findings of the most recent comprehensive risk 63 assessment, which may be completed by one or multiple private 64 sector vendors. The comprehensive risk assessment and the risk 65 assessment implementation review is confidential and exempt from 66 s. 119.07(1), except that such information shall be available to 67 the Auditor General, the Florida Digital Service within the 68 department, the Cybercrime Office of the Department of Law 69 Enforcement, and, for state agencies under the jurisdiction of 70 the Governor, the Chief Inspector General. If a private sector 71 vendor is used to complete a comprehensive risk assessment, it 72 must attest to the validity of the risk assessment findings

73 <u>(d) (c)</u> Develop and publish for use by <u>the Florida Digital</u> 74 <u>Service and state agencies a cybersecurity governance framework</u> 75 that, at a minimum, includes guidelines and processes for:

1. Establishing asset management procedures to ensure that an agency's information technology resources are identified and managed consistent with their relative importance to the agency's business objectives.

2. Using a standard risk assessment methodology that
includes the identification of an agency's priorities,
constraints, risk tolerances, and assumptions necessary to
support operational risk decisions.

3. Completing comprehensive risk assessments and cybersecurity audits, which may be completed by a private sector vendor, and submitting completed assessments and audits to the department.

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4. Identifying protection procedures to manage the
protection of an agency's information, data, and information
technology resources.

5. Establishing procedures for accessing information and
data to ensure the confidentiality, integrity, and availability
of such information and data.

94 6. Detecting threats through proactive monitoring of
95 events, continuous security monitoring, and defined detection
96 processes.

97 7. Establishing agency cybersecurity incident response
98 teams and describing their responsibilities for responding to
99 cybersecurity incidents, including breaches of personal
100 information containing confidential or exempt data.

101 8. Recovering information and data in response to a
102 cybersecurity incident. The recovery may include recommended
103 improvements to the agency processes, policies, or guidelines.

9. Establishing a cybersecurity incident reporting process
that includes procedures for notifying the department and the
Department of Law Enforcement of cybersecurity incidents.

a. The level of severity of the cybersecurity incident is
defined by the National Cyber Incident Response Plan of the
United States Department of Homeland Security as follows:

(I) Level 5 is an emergency-level incident within the specified jurisdiction that poses an imminent threat to the provision of wide-scale critical infrastructure services; national, state, or local government security; or the lives of the country's, state's, or local government's residents.

(II) Level 4 is a severe-level incident that is likely to result in a significant impact in the affected jurisdiction to

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117 public health or safety; national, state, or local security; 118 economic security; or civil liberties.

(III) Level 3 is a high-level incident that is likely to result in a demonstrable impact in the affected jurisdiction to public health or safety; national, state, or local security; economic security; civil liberties; or public confidence.

(IV) Level 2 is a medium-level incident that may impact public health or safety; national, state, or local security; economic security; civil liberties; or public confidence.

(V) Level 1 is a low-level incident that is unlikely to impact public health or safety; national, state, or local security; economic security; civil liberties; or public confidence.

b. The cybersecurity incident reporting process must
specify the information that must be reported by a state agency
following a cybersecurity incident or ransomware incident,
which, at a minimum, must include the following:

(I) A summary of the facts surrounding the cybersecurityincident or ransomware incident.

(II) The date on which the state agency most recently backed up its data; the physical location of the backup, if the backup was affected; and if the backup was created using cloud computing.

(III) The types of data compromised by the cybersecurityincident or ransomware incident.

(IV) The estimated fiscal impact of the cybersecurityincident or ransomware incident.

(V) In the case of a ransomware incident, the details ofthe ransom demanded.

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146 c.(I) A state agency shall report all ransomware incidents 147 and any cybersecurity incident determined by the state agency to be of severity level 3, 4, or 5 to the Cybersecurity Operations 148 149 Center and the Cybercrime Office of the Department of Law 150 Enforcement as soon as possible but no later than 48 hours after 151 discovery of the cybersecurity incident and no later than 12 152 hours after discovery of the ransomware incident. The report 153 must contain the information required in sub-subparagraph b.

(II) The Cybersecurity Operations Center shall notify the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of any severity level 3, 4, or 5 incident as soon as possible but no later than 12 hours after receiving a state agency's incident report. The notification must include a high-level description of the incident and the likely effects.

d. A state agency shall report a cybersecurity incident
determined by the state agency to be of severity level 1 or 2 to
the Cybersecurity Operations Center and the Cybercrime Office of
the Department of Law Enforcement as soon as possible. The
report must contain the information required in sub-subparagraph
b.

e. The Cybersecurity Operations Center shall provide a 166 167 consolidated incident report on a quarterly basis to the 168 President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 169 Representatives, and the Florida Cybersecurity Advisory Council. 170 The report provided to the Florida Cybersecurity Advisory 171 Council may not contain the name of any agency, network information, or system identifying information but must contain 172 173 sufficient relevant information to allow the Florida

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174 Cybersecurity Advisory Council to fulfill its responsibilities 175 as required in s. 282.319(9).

176 10. Incorporating information obtained through detection 177 and response activities into the agency's cybersecurity incident 178 response plans.

179 11. Developing agency strategic and operational180 cybersecurity plans required pursuant to this section.

181 12. Establishing the managerial, operational, and technical 182 safeguards for protecting state government data and information 183 technology resources that align with the state agency risk 184 management strategy and that protect the confidentiality, 185 integrity, and availability of information and data.

186 13. Establishing procedures for procuring information
187 technology commodities and services that require the commodity
188 or service to meet the National Institute of Standards and
189 Technology Cybersecurity Framework.

190 14. Submitting after-action reports following a
191 cybersecurity incident or ransomware incident. Such guidelines
192 and processes for submitting after-action reports must be
193 developed and published by December 1, 2022.

194

(d) Assist state agencies in complying with this section.

(e) In collaboration with the Cybercrime Office of the Department of Law Enforcement, annually provide training for state agency information security managers and computer security incident response team members that contains training on cybersecurity, including cybersecurity threats, trends, and best practices.

201 (f) Annually review the strategic and operational 202 cybersecurity plans of state agencies.

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203	(g) Annually provide cybersecurity training to all state
204	agency technology professionals and employees with access to
205	highly sensitive information which develops, assesses, and
206	documents competencies by role and skill level. The
207	cybersecurity training curriculum must include training on the
208	identification of each cybersecurity incident severity level
209	referenced in sub-subparagraph (c)9.a. The training may be
210	provided in collaboration with the Cybercrime Office of the
211	Department of Law Enforcement, a private sector entity, or an
212	institution of the State University System.
213	(h) Operate and maintain a Cybersecurity Operations Center
214	led by the state chief information security officer, which must
215	be primarily virtual and staffed with tactical detection and
216	incident response personnel. The Cybersecurity Operations Center
217	shall serve as a clearinghouse for threat information and
218	coordinate with the Department of Law Enforcement to support
219	state agencies and their response to any confirmed or suspected
220	cybersecurity incident.
221	(i) Lead an Emergency Support Function, ESF CYBER, under
222	the state comprehensive emergency management plan as described

223 in s. 252.35.

224

(4) Each state agency head shall, at a minimum:

(a) Designate an information security manager to administer
the cybersecurity program of the state agency. This designation
must be provided annually in writing to the department by
January 1. A state agency's information security manager, for
purposes of these information security duties, shall report
directly to the agency head.

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231 (b) In consultation with the department, through the 232 Florida Digital Service, and the Cybercrime Office of the 233 Department of Law Enforcement, establish an agency cybersecurity 234 response team to respond to a cybersecurity incident. The agency 235 cybersecurity response team shall convene upon notification of a 236 cybersecurity incident and must immediately report all confirmed 237 or suspected incidents to the state chief information security officer, or his or her designee, and comply with all applicable 238 239 quidelines and processes established pursuant to paragraph 240 (3)(c).

(c) Submit to the department annually by July 31, the state agency's strategic and operational cybersecurity plans developed pursuant to rules and guidelines established by the department, through the Florida Digital Service.

245 1. The state agency strategic cybersecurity plan must cover a 3-year period and, at a minimum, define security goals, 246 intermediate objectives, and projected agency costs for the 247 248 strategic issues of agency information security policy, risk management, security training, security incident response, and 249 250 disaster recovery. The plan must be based on the statewide 251 cybersecurity strategic plan created by the department and 252 include performance metrics that can be objectively measured to 253 reflect the status of the state agency's progress in meeting 254 security goals and objectives identified in the agency's 255 strategic information security plan.

256 2. The state agency operational cybersecurity plan must 257 include a progress report that objectively measures progress 258 made towards the prior operational cybersecurity plan and a 259 project plan that includes activities, timelines, and

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260 deliverables for security objectives that the state agency will 261 implement during the current fiscal year.

262 (d) Conduct, and update every 3 years, a comprehensive risk 263 assessment, which may be completed by a private sector vendor, 264 to determine the security threats to the data, information, and 265 information technology resources, including mobile devices and 266 print environments, of the agency. The risk assessment must 267 comply with the risk assessment methodology developed by the 268 department and is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), 269 except that such information shall be available to the Auditor 270 General, the Florida Digital Service within the department, the 271 Cybercrime Office of the Department of Law Enforcement, and, for 272 state agencies under the jurisdiction of the Governor, the Chief 273 Inspector General. If a private sector vendor is used to 274 complete a comprehensive risk assessment, it must attest to the 275 validity of the risk assessment findings.

276 (d) (e) Develop, and periodically update, written internal 277 policies and procedures, which include procedures for reporting 278 cybersecurity incidents and breaches to the Cybercrime Office of 279 the Department of Law Enforcement and the Florida Digital 280 Service within the department. Such policies and procedures must 281 be consistent with the rules, guidelines, and processes 282 established by the department to ensure the security of the 283 data, information, and information technology resources of the 284 agency. The internal policies and procedures that, if disclosed, 285 could facilitate the unauthorized modification, disclosure, or 286 destruction of data or information technology resources are 287 confidential information and exempt from s. 119.07(1), except 288 that such information shall be available to the Auditor General, Page 10 of 14

the Cybercrime Office of the Department of Law Enforcement, the Florida Digital Service within the department, and, for state agencies under the jurisdiction of the Governor, the Chief Inspector General.

293 (e) (f) Implement managerial, operational, and technical 294 safequards and risk assessment remediation plans recommended by 295 the department to address identified risks to the data, 296 information, and information technology resources of the agency. 297 The department, through the Florida Digital Service, shall track 298 implementation by state agencies upon development of such 299 remediation plans in coordination with agency inspectors 300 general.

301 (f) - (q) Ensure that periodic internal audits and evaluations 302 of the agency's cybersecurity program for the data, information, 303 and information technology resources of the agency are 304 conducted. The results of such audits and evaluations are confidential information and exempt from s. 119.07(1), except 305 306 that such information shall be available to the Auditor General, 307 the Cybercrime Office of the Department of Law Enforcement, the 308 Florida Digital Service within the department, and, for agencies 309 under the jurisdiction of the Governor, the Chief Inspector 310 General.

311 (g) (h) Ensure that the cybersecurity requirements in the 312 written specifications for the solicitation, contracts, and 313 service-level agreement of information technology and 314 information technology resources and services meet or exceed the 315 applicable state and federal laws, regulations, and standards 316 for cybersecurity, including the National Institute of Standards 317 and Technology Cybersecurity Framework. Service-level agreements

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318 must identify service provider and state agency responsibilities 319 for privacy and security, protection of government data, 320 personnel background screening, and security deliverables with 321 associated frequencies.

322 (h) (i) Provide cybersecurity awareness training to all 323 state agency employees within 30 days after commencing 324 employment, and annually thereafter, concerning cybersecurity 325 risks and the responsibility of employees to comply with policies, standards, guidelines, and operating procedures 326 327 adopted by the state agency to reduce those risks. The training 328 may be provided in collaboration with the Cybercrime Office of 329 the Department of Law Enforcement, a private sector entity, or 330 an institution of the State University System.

331 <u>(i)(j)</u> Develop a process for detecting, reporting, and 332 responding to threats, breaches, or cybersecurity incidents 333 which is consistent with the security rules, guidelines, and 334 processes established by the department through the Florida 335 Digital Service.

336 1. All cybersecurity incidents and ransomware incidents 337 must be reported by state agencies. Such reports must comply 338 with the notification procedures and reporting timeframes 339 established pursuant to paragraph (3)(c).

340 2. For cybersecurity breaches, state agencies shall provide341 notice in accordance with s. 501.171.

342 <u>(j) (k)</u> Submit to the Florida Digital Service, within 1 week 343 after the remediation of a cybersecurity incident or ransomware 344 incident, an after-action report that summarizes the incident, 345 the incident's resolution, and any insights gained as a result 346 of the incident.

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347	(5) The portions of risk assessments, evaluations, external
348	audits, and other reports of a state agency's cybersecurity
349	program for the data, information, and information technology
350	resources of the state agency which are held by a state agency
351	are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art.
352	I of the State Constitution if the disclosure of such portions
353	of records would facilitate unauthorized access to or the
354	unauthorized modification, disclosure, or destruction of:
355	(a) Data or information, whether physical or virtual; or
356	(b) Information technology resources, which include:
357	1. Information relating to the security of the agency's
358	technologies, processes, and practices designed to protect
359	networks, computers, data processing software, and data from
360	attack, damage, or unauthorized access; or
361	2. Security information, whether physical or virtual, which
362	relates to the agency's existing or proposed information
363	technology systems.
364	For purposes of this subsection, "external audit" means an
365	audit that is conducted by an entity other than the state agency
366	that is the subject of the audit.
367	(6) Those portions of a public meeting as specified in s.
368	286.011 which would reveal records which are confidential and
369	exempt under subsection (5) are exempt from s. 286.011 and s.
370	24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution. No exempt portion of an
371	exempt meeting may be off the record. All exempt portions of
372	such meeting shall be recorded and transcribed. Such recordings
373	and transcripts are confidential and exempt from disclosure
374	under s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State
375	Constitution unless a court of competent jurisdiction, after an
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in camera review, determines that the meeting was not restricted to the discussion of data and information made confidential and exempt by this section. In the event of such a judicial determination, only that portion of the recording and transcript which reveals nonexempt data and information may be disclosed to a third party.

382 (7) The portions of records made confidential and exempt in 383 subsections (5) and (6) shall be available to the Auditor General, the Cybercrime Office of the Department of Law 384 385 Enforcement, the Florida Digital Service within the department, 386 and, for agencies under the jurisdiction of the Governor, the 387 Chief Inspector General. Such portions of records may be made 388 available to a local government, another state agency, or a 389 federal agency for cybersecurity purposes or in furtherance of 390 the state agency's official duties.

(8) The exemptions contained in subsections (5) and (6)
apply to records held by a state agency before, on, or after the
effective date of this exemption.

(9) Subsections (5) and (6) are subject to the Open
Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and
shall stand repealed on October 2, 2025, unless reviewed and
saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

398 (10) The department shall adopt rules relating to399 cybersecurity and to administer this section.

400

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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